

Off-Highway Wheeled Gradall Models vs. Conventional Models

sell the **difference**



| GRADALL EXCAVATORS | CONVENTIONAL EXCAVATORS |
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| Exceptional pick and carry capabilities. Without the need for outriggers, Gradall models can lift from front, back and both sides and transport heavy loads. | Outriggers are required, limiting heavy digging to front or back and making it impossible to transport heavy loads. |
| Automatic digging brakes provide convenience and time-saving productivity. | Digging brakes must be manually set and released. |
| Telescoping boom is raised out of the line of vision during transport. | During transport, conventional stick is positioned in front of the machine, with bucket tucked beneath undercarriage, obstructing operator's view. |
| Short tail swing makes it possible to work in tight spaces. | Greater tail swing requires more working room and may obstruct traffic flow. |
| Stable during transit, boom telescopes back over the carrier, providing more even weight distribution. | Conventional boom increases weight at front of machine, creating "porpoising" concerns. |
| Telescoping boom increases drawbar pull, increasing push/pull capability. | Conventional boom movements do not provide comparable pushing or pulling forces. |



GRADALL®

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